Bangladesh - Bangladesh Census of Manufacturing Industries 1984-85

BANGLADESH BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Report generated on: October 4, 2020

Visit our data catalog at: http://data.bbs.gov.bd/index.php

Overview

Identification

ID NUMBER
BGD-BBS-CMI-1984-85-v01

Version

VERSION DESCRIPTION

PRODUCTION DATE
1989-05

Overview

ABSTRACT
This 1984-85 report is 13th issue on the Census of Manufacturing Industries (CMI). Data presented in the report relate to those manufacturing establishments which were registered with the Chief Inspector of Factories under the Factories Acts of 1934 and 1965 and also responded to the census enumeration programme. The tables incorporated have detailed information on structures, operations and outputs of industrial units.

Field data collection was taken up beginning January, 1986. The data collection programme could be completed by June, 1986. This long six month collection period became indispensible since followups to improve coverage had to be undertaken in case of all non-response establishments which turned out as high as 625. Processing of data on computer took longer time, 10 months As such, the report has a publication lag of about 2 years. All possible efforts are being taken to reduce time lag of subsequent reports by cutting-down both data collection and computer tabulation times.

Main objectives of the census were to determine volume of industrial production, fixed capital investment, employment and gross value added in manufacturing industries. Data collected related to:

- fixed assets

- employment and cost thereof

- value and quantity of raw materials consumed

- inventories of physical assets

- cost and quantity of fuel consumed

- quantity and value of goods produced

- non-industrial cost, and indirect taxes

- value added at factor cost, etc.

KIND OF DATA
Census/enumeration data [cen]

Scope

NOTES
Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics conducts Census of Manufacturing industries (CMI) every year under the Industrial Statistics Act, 1942. It covers industrial units which are subject to the Factories Acts, 1934 and 1965. CMI provides basic statistics on

industrial structure and production. These data are essential for assessing contribution of industries to gross national product and also for taking policy actions regarding allocation of resources amongst different sectors of the economy.

In 1984-85 CMI all manufacturing industries, including repair and services, as registered with the Chief Inspector of Factories under section. 2(j), 5(1) and 2(f) of the Factories Acts, were covered. The Factories Acts encompass all units that employ 10 or more workers and are operated with or without aid of power.

Total number of registered manufacturing establishments in 1984-85 was 4,608. The census enumeration was taken up for all these units. Returns were collected frorn 3,934 establishments. Of remaining 674 establishments, 239 did not respond to programme of enumeration and 435 were found to have kept their plants closed during the census reference period,

Producers and Sponsors

PRIMARY INVESTIGATOR(S)

Name	Affiliation
BANGLADESH BUREAU OF STATISTICS	Statistics Division, Ministry of Planning

FUNDING

Name	Abbreviation	Role
Statistics Division	SD	

Metadata Production

METADATA PRODUCED BY

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation	Role
BANGLADESH BUREAU OF STATISTICS	BBS	Statistics Division, Ministry of Planning	Documentation of the study

DATE OF METADATA PRODUCTION
2019-09-01

DDI DOCUMENT ID
DDI-BGD-BBS-CMI-1984-85-v01

Sampling

No content available

Questionnaires

Overview

Two questionnaires were adopted. One was a long questionnaire and canvassed for establishments excepting handloom units. In case of handloom establishments a short questionnaire was used.

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

Start
1984

End
1985

Cycle
N/A

Data Collection Mode

Other [oth]

Data Collection Notes

Establlshment Directory:
The directory of establishments maintained and updated by the Chief Inspector of Factories was used for data collection programme. The directory contained names and addresses of the establishments and their number on pay rolls.

Enumeration:
Enumeration was done by, mailing method. Questionnaires along with instruction manuals were mailed to occupiers of establishments. They were requested to fill-out questionnaires and send them back within 30 days from date of receipt. In case of establishments, not responded by the specified time, reminders were is sued and this was followed up by telephcne calls. Those respondents, who were found defaulters even after second reminder, were personally contacted by officers from the Bureau. After such personal visits returns caild be collected from most defaulting establishments. For few establishments response could not be elicited.

Questionnaires

Two questionnaires were adopted. One was a long questionnaire and canvassed for establishments excepting handloom units. In case of handloom establishments a short questionnaire was used.

Data Collectors

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation
Statistics Division	SD	Ministry of Planning

Data Processing

Data Editing

All filled-out questionnaires were first edited manually, Any omissions, inconsistencies and errors found in the returns were corrected by contacting again the concerned respondents. In a few instances, for which information could not be obtained, imputation was done.

Manual coding of specific items was also done, After both manual editing and coding, all returns were sent for computer processing. Table obtained from computer print-out had data by Bangladesh standard industrial classificatim (BSIC) developed in conformity to International sta.ndard industrial classification (ISIC).

Other Processing

1. Factories unregistered with the CIF remained out of sccpe of the census.
2. Values of products were not uniform. The values were quoted both at production cost and ex-factory prices.
3. Data shown in tables could not include few non-response establishments.

Data Appraisal

No content available