

Bangladesh - Bangladesh Census of Manufacturing Industries 1981-82

BANGLADESH BUREAU OF STATISTICS

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Overview

Identification

ID NUMBER
BGD-BBS-CMI-1981-82-v01

Version

VERSION DESCRIPTION

PRODUCTION DATE
1986-01-01

Overview

ABSTRACT

This detailed report of 1981-82 on Census of Manufacturing Industries in Bangladesh represents various information including handloom Industries on structure of industries total investment, Physical stock, depreciation average daily employment, employment cost, capacity of power equipment, industrial cost, value of materials, fuels and electricity consumed, products and by-products manufactured, direct and indirect taxes census value added and value added at factor cost by all the representative group of manufacturing industries.

The object of this detailed report is to meet the immediate need of the users.

We have presented information in 30 tables in respect of 3356 large and medium scale-establishments (including handloom) out of 3676 to which notices were issued. The remaining factories either reported as closed or submitted 'Nil' returns.

This census covers industrial establishment as defined under section 2(j) and 5(l) of the factories Act, 1934 and 2(f) of the factories Act, 1956 but it does not cover mining establishments.

Starting from the collection of data upto publication of this report, we had to face a number of difficulties. However we are constantly endeavouring to improve the census in respect of coverage quality, quality of data and timely publication.

I am thankful to those officers and staff of ITLS & Wing of Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics who took much pain to complete this assignment in the shortest possible time.

The information provided in this report, I am sure, will be useful to the users.

Any comments and suggestions for improvement, however, will be highly appreciable.

KIND OF DATA
Census/enumeration data [cen]

Scope

NOTES

The geographical coverage of the census extends to whole of Bangladesh. All manufacturing activities including repairing and services registered as manufacturing establishments with the Chief Inspector of Factories under section 2(j) and 5(l) of the Factories Act, 1934 and section 2(f) of the Factories Act, 1965 are covered.

Coverage

GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

Section 2(j) Factory :- means those units which employed 20 or more workers on any day of the preceding year and in any part of which manufacturing activities are carried out with the aid of power.

Section 5(l) :- means those units which employed 10 or more workers on any day of the preceding year, weather using power or not in the manufacturing precess.

Section 2(f) :- means premises including the preciding there of whereon 10 or more workers are working or were working on any day of the preceding twelve months and in any part of which a manufacturing precess is carried on with or without the aid of power.

Thus the coverage of the Census extends in principle to all registered large and mefium scale manufacturing industries with 10 or more workers and in which manufacturing process in carried on with or without the aid of power.

Producers and Sponsors

PRIMARY INVESTIGATOR(S)

Name	Affiliation
BANGLADESH BUREAU OF STATISTICS	Statistics Division, Ministry of Planning

FUNDING

Name	Abbreviation	Role
Statistics Division	SD	

Metadata Production

METADATA PRODUCED BY

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation	Role
BANGLADESH BUREAU OF STATISTICS	BBS	Statistics Division, Ministry of Planning	Documentation of the study

DATE OF METADATA PRODUCTION

2019-09-01

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DDI-BGD-BBS-CMI-1981-82-v01

Sampling

No content available

Questionnaires

Overview

Two types of questionnaires were developed for the census. Long-form questionnaire (in English) meant for large and medium scale industries and short-form questionnaire (in Bengali) meant for handloom industries only. All establishments excluding handloom industries were contacted with long-form questionnaire and handloom industries with short-form questionnaire.

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

Start	End	Cycle
1981	1982	N/A

Data Collection Mode

Other [oth]

Data Collection Notes

Self-enumeration method was used where the respondent filled up the schedules directly. The schedules with an instruction for filling up returns were sent to the respondents by mail to submit the filled-in schedules within a specified date. Reminders to the establishments which did not respond by the specified date, were sent. The follow-up action was intensified with telephone calls, personal letters and eventually through personal visits, CMI rules allowed legal action as a last resort.

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Data Collectors

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation
Statistics Division	SD	Ministry of Planning

Data Processing

Data Editing

All filled-in schedules were fully edited to ensure certain standard of quality in data supplied by detecting missings, inconsistencies and error and if necessary, taking correction measures. This process involved (i) inspection of the questionnaire for missings (ii) examination of the item of information for both internal (among data in the questionnaire) and external (with data from other sources) consistencies. Inadequacies detected in the questionnaire were corrected by questioning the respondents or by imputation.

Other Processing

All items of information in the schedules were coded. Coding facilitated tabulation according to predetermined systems viz (i) industrial activity, (ii) area (iii) ownership (iv) size (v) products (vi) materials etc. The information from the coded schedules were transferred to magnetic tapes from which they were sorted, summarised and tabulated by the computer. Tabulation of census data were based on Activity Classification. For this "Bangladesh Standard Industrial Classification" has been developed to conform to the "International Standard Industrial Classification"

Data Appraisal

No content available